

2 OPERATING AGREEMENT

3 Among the Five Regional Churches in their Collaboration as Mennonite Church Canada

- 4 (Approved by Joint Council January 28, 2023)
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NOTE: Unlike the Operating Bylaws, the Operating Agreement does not require MC Canada delegate approval.

8 List of acronyms used in the text

- 9 **AEM –** Assistant Executive Minister
- 10 **CLM** Church Leadership Ministers
- 11 **COSL** Community of Spiritual Leaders
- 12 EM Mennonite Church Canada Executive Minister
- 13 EMG Executive Minister Group
- 14 FPAC Financial Policy and Audit Committee
- 15 JC Joint Council
- 16 MC Canada Mennonite Church Canada
- 17 **REM** Regional Executive Minister
- 18 SRA Shared Revenue Agreement19

20 1. Introduction and Background

This Operating Agreement replaces the Operating Agreement prepared for the Special Assembly of
 October 14, 2017, in the formation of the new structure, as well as the Governance Protocols of
 November 30, 2017. Prior to 2017 Mennonite Church Canada followed a General Operating By-law.

25 2. Purpose of Operating Agreement

This Operating Agreement articulates how the five Regional Churches (Mennonite Church Alberta,
 Mennonite Church British Columbia, Mennonite Church Eastern Canada, Mennonite Church
 Manitoba, and Mennonite Church Saskatchewan) will operationalize their covenant with each other
 as Mennonite Church Canada, consistent with the General Operating By-law. As such the Joint
 Council can change the agreement within the limits of the By-law.

32 3. Theological Identity of Mennonite Church Canada

MC Canada is a faith community rooted in the historic Anabaptist tradition, grounded in Scripture,
 with the Confession of Faith in a Mennonite Perspective serving as an interpretive guide for faith
 and life. Three core convictions animate MC Canada: 1) Jesus is the centre of our faith, 2)
 Community is the centre of our lives, and 3) Reconciliation is the centre of our work.

38 4. Mennonite Church Canada as an integrated structure

- 4.1 MC Canada is an integrated system, beginning with congregations, which form Regional
 Churches, which covenant together as MC Canada for a common mission:
- Congregations are the primary locus of God's mission in the world. In these local
 communities, Christians worship and pray together, discern how to faithfully follow Jesus
 Christ, nurture and support each other, and reach out into their communities in service and
 witness.
- Congregations covenant with each other as **Regional Churches**. As Regional Churches,
 congregations support and resource each other, learn from each other, undertake regional
 missional initiatives, and nurture and administer pastoral leadership.



- Regional Churches covenant with each other as **Mennonite Church Canada.** As MC Canada, Regional Churches support and resource our nationwide priorities and ministries as well as fulfill our responsibilities in the larger body of Christ, both Anabaptist and other.
- 4.2 The covenant among the Regional Churches forming MC Canada will be reviewed and renewed every 3 years.

54 5. Core Principles

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- 5.1 MC Canada is a legal entity and as such has its own formal identity.
- 5.2 MC Canada is the five Regional Churches working together as one. As such the five Regional Churches and MC Canada are mutually interdependent.

5.3 The Regional Churches are accountable to each other through a covenant by which:

- 5.3.1 They commit to seeking the health of all Regional Churches and MC Canada as a whole system in their decision-making, both individually and collectively. All programming is thus ultimately programming of the larger system, whether initiated and administered by a Regional Church, or collectively as MC Canada.
- 635.3.2They agree that policy, nationwide agenda, and priorities are to be established through64collaborative work in and through the JC.
 - 5.3.3 They agree that they will animate the agenda and priorities of the larger system through regular attention to them at Regional Church Board meetings and at Regional Church delegate gatherings, e.g., by inviting the EM or other senior staff to Board meetings, retreats, or other such settings.
 - 5.4 MC Canada strives to be an intercultural church, with values of equity, diversity, and inclusion at all levels, e.g., in the appointment of representatives to the JC from the Regional Churches.

72 6. Delegate Gatherings

Delegate Gatherings take place annually, with an expanded Gathering scheduled for every second
year. At these Gatherings delegates from the Regional Churches receive reports, approve budgets,
and discuss and debate issues, thereby discerning the direction of MC Canada and its participation in
the mission of God in the world (see By-Law for detail).

78 7. Joint Council

- 79 7.1 The JC is the primary setting in which the Regional Churches collaborate and exercise 80 governance of MC Canada. It is composed of 13 voting members: 81 7.1.1 Three officers elected by MC Canada delegates; 82 7.1.2 The Moderators of the five Regional Churches; 83 7.1.3 One additional representative from each Regional Church. 7.2 The EM serves as the staff person for the JC. The five REMs sit with the JC for its meetings. 84 85 7.3 The JC is a governing Board, giving primary attention to vision, priorities, and policy. For duties 86 see By-law. 87 7.4 The EM is responsible for developing the agenda for JC meetings, in conversation with the JC 88 Moderator and the EMG. Regional Church Moderators as well as other JC members are 89 welcome to propose agenda items to the EM. 90 7.5 Recommendations to the JC normally come from the EM or FPAC, and perhaps occasionally from EMG. Recommendations initiated by program areas (e.g., International Witness) are 91 92 processed first by the EM and come to JC via the EM. Recommendations may be approved,
- 93 changed, rejected, or tabled by JC.



7.6 The integrated nature of MC Canada, consistent with the Regional Churches' commitment to 94 95 seek the health of the whole integrated system (i.e., the Regions & MC Canada), requires that JC members agree to act in the interests of the whole, and not give their own Regions 96 97 preferential consideration. This does not, however, prevent them from offering regional 98 perspectives in the conversation. 99 7.7 Since the Regional Churches are independent bodies with their own identity and governance, 100 even as they are covenanted together as MC Canada, it is always an art as to how decisions 101 made by the JC impact upon the Regional Churches. Whenever the JC makes a decision, it will 102 thus also consider and address how this decision intersects with the role and authority of the 103 Regional Churches, e.g., whether it is a final decision or requires ratification by the Regional 104 Churches. 105 7.8 If a JC member perceives that they may be in a conflict of interest, they will declare this to the 106 Board. 107 8. Joint Council Executive 108 8.1 The JC Executive consists of the 3 JC officers elected by MC Canada delegates (Moderator, 109 110 Assistant Moderator, Secretary/Treasurer), plus one additional member elected by the JC from 111 within itself. 112 8.2 The JC Executive derives its authority from the JC and acts on its behalf between meetings. The Executive may not alter JC decisions. The JC may from time to time grant the Executive more 113 114 or less authority over certain matters. 8.3 The JC Moderator is the only JC member authorized to speak for the JC. The Assistant 115 116 Moderator may assume this role if the Moderator is not available. 117 8.4 A primary responsibility of the JC Executive is to facilitate and ensure the integrity of the JC 118 process. 119 9. Financial Principles 120 121 9.1 A Shared Revenue Agreement approved by JC and the Regional Churches articulates how the 122 Regions understand their mutual financial accountability and responsibilities within the 123 covenant relationship (copy attached). The Financial Policy and Audit Committee (FPAC) monitors MC Canada's financial operations, 124 9.2 develops policies and procedures for recommendation to the JC, and provides advice on all 125 126 financial matters to the EM and JC (for more detail, see By-law). 127 128 **10. Mennonite Church Canada Executive Minister** 129 10.1. The EM is appointed by the JC upon recommendation from a JC-appointed Search 130 Committee. 131 10.2 At least a year before the end of the EM's appointment term, the Executive oversees a review 132 process leading to a recommendation to the JC for formal action on possible reappointment. 133 10.3 The Moderator serves as the direct supervisor of the EM. 134 10.4 The EM is responsible for leading and overseeing MC Canada programming, as well as for 135 hiring and supervising MC Canada staff. 136 10.5 The EM is a full participant in the meetings of the JC, the JC Executive, and the EMG. 137 11. Regional Executive Ministers, and the Executive Minister Group 138 139 11.1 The EMG consists of the five REMs and the EM, collaborating together as peers. It is thus not a governance body making programmatic decisions. 140



141 11.2 The EMG is chaired by the EM.

142	11.3	The REMs are each accountable to their respective Regional Churches and Boards. The
143		covenant among the Regional Churches to form MC Canada, however, gives them vision and
144		responsibility beyond their own Region to that of other Regions and MC Canada as a whole.
145		They thus agree to act in the interests of MC Canada as an integrated system.
146	11.4	The five REMs have a responsibility to represent and promote nationwide programs in their
147		own Regions. Conversely, the EM has a responsibility to represent and promote regional
148		programs across the country. The REMs also are part of providing feedback to the EM
149		reflecting the concerns and priorities of their Regions.
150	11.5	The EMG meets regularly for the following:
151		11.5.1 Fellowship and mutual support;
152		11.5.2 Sharing and learning from each other about regional programs, e.g., camps;
153		11.5.3 Providing feedback to the EM;
154		11.5.4 Considering and reviewing the overall health of the MC Canada system (Regions and
155		nationwide), including monitoring how budgets are tracking (see SRA clauses 1 and
156		3);
157		11.5.5 Operationalizing administrative details in their joint collaboration;
158		11.5.6 Assisting the EM in developing recommendations for JC on programs, initiatives or
159		positions.
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161	12. Chure	ch Leadership Ministers (CLM) and Community of Spiritual Leaders (COSL)
162	12.1	Through the office of the EM/AEM, MC Canada brings together regional Church Leadership
163		Ministers for collaboration on leadership programming across the regions and guidance on
164		the development of nationwide/binational policies related to leadership ministries.
165	12.2	The office of the EM/AEM also coordinates the nationwide Community of Spiritual Leaders
166		program as a forum to support nationwide engagement by pastors/spiritual leaders and
167		discernment around theological matters that affect the regional churches.
168	12.3	Agenda for the CLM and the COSL flows from JC through the MC Canada EM/AEM to CLM
169		and COSL, and from CLM and COSL to the JC through the EM/AEM. The EMG is kept
170		informed of CLM/COSL agenda through the MC Canada EM.
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172		nwide Programs, Ministries and Roles
173	13.1	A program approved by the JC becomes a nationwide program or initiative, under the
174		responsibility of the EM.
175	13.2	MC Canada will administer and provide the necessary staff for nationwide programs and
176		ministries as determined by the JC and the Regional Churches (e.g., International Witness)
177		to be funded through the SRA.
178	13.3	MC Canada will provide services to the Regional Churches as determined by JC and the
179		Regional Churches, including the following: nationwide benefit plan, nationwide pension
180		plan, salary guidelines for pastors, and ministerial database.
181	13.4	The ministry of MC Canada and its Regions extend to national and global partnerships and
182		affiliations. The Regional Churches thus normally relate to international bodies via MC
183		Canada. The structure and essence of these partnerships and affiliations are determined by
184		the JC.
185	13.5	The EM may appoint advisory groups/committees with specialized experience and skill in
186		relation to particular program areas, e.g., International Witness. The formation of such
187		groups is done in consultation with a variety of people with attention to the regions. The



188		EM will report this to the JC, with the minutes of meetings of such groups available to the
189		JC.
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192	14. Commur	nications
193	14.1	MC Canada (normally) speaks on behalf of the whole (Regional Churches and their
194		congregations) as it relates to MC USA, Mennonite World Conference, other global bodies,
195		international agencies, the nationwide church and nationwide denominations.
196	14.2	MC Canada may at times develop and declare position statements. Such statements may
197		be drafted by various parts of the organization (e.g., EMG), but if considered significant
198		they should be processed by JC.
199	14.3	Regional Churches speak on behalf of MC Canada, including the work of the JC, its program
200		and work, and the other Regional Churches in their communication with their member
201		congregations.
202	14.3	Regional Churches agree to develop and work within a shared communication strategy,
203		with an eye to consistent unified branding across the system.
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